

University of Colombo – Sri Lanka
Faculty of Arts
Bachelor of Arts Degree Examination (Special) – Fourth Year
Semester End Examination – Semester I – 2021/2022
DMG 4166: Advanced Demographic Analysis

Answer three (03) questions only

Time: Two (02) hours

Calculators can be used

This paper contains five (05) questions and four (04) pages

1. (a). Use the Table 1 below and calculate first marriage rates

(05 marks)

Table 1: Number of first marriages and mid-year population of spinsters

Age group	Number of first marriages	Mid-year population of spinsters
15-19	45,636	639,812
20-24	70,058	224,726
25-29	12,337	95,738
30-34	2,587	54,940
35-39	1,028	48,355
40-44	982	46,073
45-49	483	40,227

- (b). Use the Table 1 above and calculate first marriage probability (05 marks)

- (c). Use the calculations done in 1. (a) and 1. (b), calculate average age at marriage (05 marks)

- (d). What is meant by “marriage market problem”? Explain with examples (05 marks)

2. (a). What is meant by Indirect Standardization of Fertility? Explain (03 marks)

- (b). Explain how you would use Coale’s Index of Marital Fertility to determine the onset of the fertility transition in a country.

(05 marks)

- (c). Use the data given in Table 2 to compute the following:

- (i). Index of General Fertility Rate (03 marks)
- (ii). Index of Legitimate Fertility Rate (03 marks)
- (iii). Index of Illegitimate Fertility Rate (03 marks)
- (iv). Index of Proportions Married (03 marks)

Table 2: Number of births and female population

Female Population	
Married	28,384,572
Not Married	10,162,554
Births	
Legitimate	2,035,550
Illegitimate	124,250

- 3. (a). What is meant by Parity Progression Ratios? Explain. (05 marks)
- (b). Use the data in Table 3 and calculate the Parity Progression Ratios and Interpret your results. (04 marks)

Table 3: Number of women aged 45-49 years by children ever borne (CEB)

Children Ever Borne (N)	Number of Women aged 45-49
0	14335
1	25548
2	28368
3	32217
4	38889
5	43938
6	47522
7	48401
8	45987
9	40112
10+	79994

(c). Use the data given in Table 4 and compute the following:

- (i). Mean Parity by Age of Mother (04 marks)
- (ii). Age-Specific Fertility Rates (05 marks)
- (iii). Total Fertility Rate (02 marks)

Table 4: Number of Women, Children ever born, and Births in the past year

Age group	Number of Women	Children Ever Born	Births in past year
15-9	2,102	371	178
20-24	2,364	2,426	442
25-29	2,236	3,730	386
30-34	1,800	4,842	281
35-39	1,414	4,839	126
40-44	1,145	4,925	35
45-49	1,089	4,732	10

4. (a). Explain why it is important to study infant mortality from health policy perspective? Explain. (04 marks)

(b). Use the data given in Table 5 and calculate the following:

Table 5: Number of births and deaths by calendar year

Year	Birth Cohort	Age	Deaths	Births
2012	2012	0	2,998	134,372
2013	2012	0	501	-
2013	2013	0	2,708	138,412

- (i). Place the data in a Lexis Diagram (02 marks)
- (ii). The true probability of dying between exact ages 0 and 1 for birth cohort 2012 (03 marks)
- (iii) Four measures to show the probabilities of dying during the year 2013 (08 marks)
- (iv) Interpret your results (03 marks)

5. Write short notes on the following:

- (a). Tempo and Quantum effects of Total Fertility Rate (05 marks)
- (b). Age pattern of fertility and the fertility transition (05 marks)
- (c). Time and space in migration analysis (05 marks)
- (d). Completed Family Size as a Cohort measure of fertility (05 marks)